Form 6-Summary (10/06)

United States Bankruptcy Court District of Massachusetts

In re	A Precise Maintenance, Inc.		Case No.	
	-	Debtor		
			Chapter	7

SUMMARY OF SCHEDULES

Indicate as to each schedule whether that schedule is attached and state the number of pages in each. Report the totals from Schedules A, B, D, E, F, I, and J in the boxes provided. Add the amounts from Schedules A and B to determine the total amount of the debtor's assets. Add the amounts of all claims from Schedules D, E, and F to determine the total amount of the debtor's liabilities. Individual debtors must also complete the "Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data" if they file a case under chapter 7, 11, or 13.

NAME OF SCHEDULE	ATTACHED (YES/NO)	NO. OF SHEETS	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	OTHER	
A - Real Property	Yes	1	0.00			
B - Personal Property	Yes	3	14,075.00	a ta cana		
C - Property Claimed as Exempt	No	0		1969 1867		
D - Creditors Holding Secured Claims	Yes	1		25,398.15		
E - Creditors Holding Unsecured Priority Claims (Total of Claims on Schedule E)	Yes	2		1,342.37		
F - Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims	Yes	9		154,467.14		
G - Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases	Yes	1				
H - Codebtors	Yes	1				
I - Current Income of Individual Debtor(s)	No	0	The second s	7 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	N/A	
J - Current Expenditures of Individual Debtor(s)	No	0			N/A	
Total Number of Sheets of ALL Schedules		18				
		otal Assets	14,075.00			
			Total Liabilities	181,207.66		

Official Form 7 (04/07)

United States Bankruptcy Court District of Massachusetts

In re	A Precise Maintenance, Inc.		Case No.		
		Debtor(s)	Chapter	7	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS

This statement is to be completed by every debtor. Spouses filing a joint petition may file a single statement on which the information for both spouses is combined. If the case is filed under chapter 12 or chapter 13, a married debtor must furnish information for both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed. An individual debtor engaged in business as a sole proprietor, partner, family farmer, or self-employed professional, should provide the information requested on this statement concerning all such activities as well as the individual's personal affairs. Do not include the name or address of a minor child in this statement. Indicate payments, transfers and the like to minor children by stating "a minor child." See 11 U.S.C. § 112; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

Questions 1 - 18 are to be completed by all debtors. Debtors that are or have been in business, as defined below, also must complete Questions 19 - 25. If the answer to an applicable question is "None," mark the box labeled "None." If additional space is needed for the answer to any question, use and attach a separate sheet properly identified with the case name, case number (if known), and the number of the question.

DEFINITIONS

"In business." A debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is a corporation or partnership. An individual debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is or has been, within six years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership; a sole proprietor or self-employed full-time or part-time. An individual debtor also may be "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor engages in a trade, business, or other activity, other than as an employee, to supplement income from the debtor's primary employment.

"Insider." The term "insider" includes but is not limited to: relatives of the debtor; general partners of the debtor and their relatives; corporations of which the debtor is an officer, director, or person in control; officers, directors, and any owner of 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of a corporate debtor and their relatives; affiliates of the debtor and insiders of such affiliates; any managing agent of the debtor. 11 U.S.C. § 101.

1. Income from employment or operation of business

None

State the gross amount of income the debtor has received from employment, trade, or profession, or from operation of the debtor's business, including part-time activities either as an employee or in independent trade or business, from the beginning of this calendar year to the date this case was commenced. State also the gross amounts received during the **two years** immediately preceding this calendar year. (A debtor that maintains, or has maintained, financial records on the basis of a fiscal rather than a calendar year may report fiscal year income. Identify the beginning and ending dates of the debtor's fiscal year.) If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income of both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

AMOUNT SOURCE

\$642,943.27 Operation of Business - 2007 \$1,012,026.49 Operation of Business - 2006 \$684,414.87 Operation of Business - 2005

2. Income other than from employment or operation of business

None

State the amount of income received by the debtor other than from employment, trade, profession, or operation of the debtor's business during the **two years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Give particulars. If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income for each spouse whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

AMOUNT

SOURCE

3. Payments to creditors

None

Complete a. or b., as appropriate, and c.

Individual or joint debtor(s) with primarily consumer debts. List all payments on loans, installment purchases of goods or services, and other debts to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case if the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is not less than \$600. Indicate with an (*) any payments that were made to a creditor on account of a domestic support obligation or as part of an alternative repayment schedule under a plan by an approved nonprofit budgeting and creditor counseling agency. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

DATES OF **PAYMENTS**

AMOUNT PAID

AMOUNT STILL **OWING**

2

None

b. Debtor whose debts are not primarily consumer debts: List each payment or other transfer to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of the case if the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is not less than \$5,475. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

> DATES OF PAYMENTS/

AMOUNT PAID OR VALUE OF

AMOUNT STILL

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

TRANSFERS

TRANSFERS

OWING

c. All debtors: List all payments made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case to or for the benefit of creditors who are or were insiders. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR AND

RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE OF PAYMENT

AMOUNT PAID

AMOUNT STILL

OWING

4. Suits and administrative proceedings, executions, garnishments and attachments

None

a. List all suits and administrative proceedings to which the debtor is or was a party within one year immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

CAPTION OF SUIT AND CASE NUMBER

NATURE OF PROCEEDING

COURT OR AGENCY AND LOCATION

STATUS OR DISPOSITION

b. Describe all property that has been attached, garnished or seized under any legal or equitable process within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON FOR WHOSE

BENEFIT PROPERTY WAS SEIZED

DATE OF SEIZURE

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF **PROPERTY**

5. Repossessions, foreclosures and returns

None

List all property that has been repossessed by a creditor, sold at a foreclosure sale, transferred through a deed in lieu of foreclosure or returned to the seller, within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR OR SELLER Eastern Bank One Eastern Place 195 Market Street Lynn, MA 01901-1508

DATE OF REPOSSESSION. FORECLOSURE SALE, TRANSFER OR RETURN 7/07

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF **PROPERTY** 2005 Chevrolet 2500 - \$20,000 NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR OR SELLER Caterpillar Financial Svs. P.O. Box 13834 Newark, NJ 07188-0834 DATE OF REPOSSESSION, FORECLOSURE SALE, TRANSFER OR RETURN 08/07

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY Skid Steer

6. Assignments and receiverships

None

a. Describe any assignment of property for the benefit of creditors made within 120 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include any assignment by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

DATE OF

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ASSIGNEE

ASSIGNMENT

TERMS OF ASSIGNMENT OR SETTLEMENT

None
b. List all property which has been in the hands of a custodian, receiver, or court-appointed official within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not

filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS

OF CUSTODIAN

NAME AND LOCATION

OF COURT

DATE OF

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF

PROPERTY

CASE TITLE & NUMBER ORDER

7. Gifts

None List all gifts or charitable contributions made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case except ordinary

and usual gifts to family members aggregating less than \$200 in value per individual family member and charitable contributions aggregating less than \$100 per recipient. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include gifts or contributions by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON OR ORGANIZATION

RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR. IF ANY

DATE OF GIFT

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF GIFT

8. Losses

None

List all losses from fire, theft, other casualty or gambling within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case or since the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include losses by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

DESCRIPTION OF CIRCUMSTANCES AND, IF LOSS WAS COVERED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY INSURANCE, GIVE PARTICULARS

DATE OF LOSS

9. Payments related to debt counseling or bankruptcy

None

List all payments made or property transferred by or on behalf of the debtor to any persons, including attorneys, for consultation concerning debt consolidation, relief under the bankruptcy law or preparation of the petition in bankruptcy within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE Harris & Dial, P.C. 65 Flagship Drive Suite C North Andover, MA 01845 DATE OF PAYMENT, NAME OF PAYOR IF OTHER THAN DEBTOR AMOUNT OF MONEY
OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE
OF PROPERTY
See Statement Pursuant to
Rule 2016(b).

10. Other transfers

None

a. List all other property, other than property transferred in the ordinary course of the business or financial affairs of the debtor, transferred either absolutely or as security within two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF TRANSFEREE. RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE

DESCRIBE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED AND VALUE RECEIVED

None b. List all property transferred by the debtor within ten years immediately preceding the commencement of this case to a self-settled

trust or similar device of which the debtor is a beneficiary.

NAME OF TRUST OR OTHER

DEVICE

DATE(S) OF TRANSFER(S) AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY OR DEBTOR'S INTEREST

IN PROPERTY

11. Closed financial accounts

None

List all financial accounts and instruments held in the name of the debtor or for the benefit of the debtor which were closed, sold, or otherwise transferred within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Include checking, savings, or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or other instruments; shares and share accounts held in banks, credit unions, pension funds, cooperatives, associations, brokerage houses and other financial institutions. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning accounts or instruments held by or for either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION **Enterprise Bank**

Lakeview Avenue Dracut, MA 01826

TYPE OF ACCOUNT, LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBER, AND AMOUNT OF FINAL BALANCE Checking - 9449 - \$0.00

AMOUNT AND DATE OF SALE OR CLOSING \$0.00 - 07/10/07

12. Safe deposit boxes

None

List each safe deposit or other box or depository in which the debtor has or had securities, cash, or other valuables within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include boxes or depositories of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BANK OR OTHER DEPOSITORY

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THOSE WITH ACCESS TO BOX OR DEPOSITORY

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS DATE OF TRANSFER OR SURRENDER, IF ANY

13. Setoffs

None

List all setoffs made by any creditor, including a bank, against a debt or deposit of the debtor within 90 days preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

DATE OF SETOFF

AMOUNT OF SETOFF

14. Property held for another person

None

List all property owned by another person that the debtor holds or controls.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF **PROPERTY**

LOCATION OF PROPERTY

15. Prior address of debtor

None

If the debtor has moved within three years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, list all premises which the debtor occupied during that period and vacated prior to the commencement of this case. If a joint petition is filed, report also any separate address of either spouse.

ADDRESS

NAME USED

DATES OF OCCUPANCY

5

16. Spouses and Former Spouses

None

If the debtor resides or resided in a community property state, commonwealth, or territory (including Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Puerto Rico, Texas, Washington, or Wisconsin) within eight years immediately preceding the commencement of the case, identify the name of the debtor's spouse and of any former spouse who resides or resided with the debtor in the community property state.

NAME

17. Environmental Information.

For the purpose of this question, the following definitions apply:

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, or local statute or regulation regulating pollution, contamination, releases of hazardous or toxic substances, wastes or material into the air, land, soil, surface water, groundwater, or other medium, including, but not limited to, statutes or regulations regulating the cleanup of these substances, wastes, or material.

"Site" means any location, facility, or property as defined under any Environmental Law, whether or not presently or formerly owned or operated by the debtor, including, but not limited to, disposal sites.

"Hazardous Material" means anything defined as a hazardous waste, hazardous substance, toxic substance, hazardous material, pollutant, or contaminant or similar term under an Environmental Law

None

a. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor has received notice in writing by a governmental unit that it may be liable or potentially liable under or in violation of an Environmental Law. Indicate the governmental unit, the date of the notice, and, if known, the Environmental Law:

NAME AND ADDRESS OF

DATE OF

ENVIRONMENTAL

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

NOTICE

LAW

None b. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor provided notice to a governmental unit of a release of Hazardous Material. Indicate the governmental unit to which the notice was sent and the date of the notice.

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS

docket number.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF

DATE OF

ENVIRONMENTAL

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

NOTICE

LAW

None c. List all judicial or administrative proceedings, including settlements or orders, under any Environmental Law with respect to which the debtor is or was a party. Indicate the name and address of the governmental unit that is or was a party to the proceeding, and the

NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

DOCKET NUMBER

STATUS OR DISPOSITION

18. Nature, location and name of business

None

a. If the debtor is an individual, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was an officer, director, partner, or managing executive of a corporation, partner in a partnership, sole proprietor, or was self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity either full- or part-time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, or in which the debtor owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a partnership, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a corporation, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SOC. SEC. NO./ COMPLETE EIN OR OTHER TAXPAYER

NAME I.D. NO.

ADDRESS

NATURE OF BUSINESS

BEGINNING AND

6

ENDING DATES

None

b. Identify any business listed in response to subdivision a., above, that is "single asset real estate" as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101.

NAME

ADDRESS

The following questions are to be completed by every debtor that is a corporation or partnership and by any individual debtor who is or has been, within **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of more than 5 percent of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership, a sole proprietor or self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity, either full- or part-time.

(An individual or joint debtor should complete this portion of the statement **only** if the debtor is or has been in business, as defined above, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. A debtor who has not been in business within those six years should go directly to the signature page.)

19. Books, records and financial statements

None

a. List all bookkeepers and accountants who within **two years** immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case kept or supervised the keeping of books of account and records of the debtor.

NAME AND ADDRESS
St. Armands Financial & Tax Services
1470 Lakeview Avenue
Dracut, MA 01826

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

2002 - 6/07

None b. List all firms or individuals who within the **two years** immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case have audited the books of account and records, or prepared a financial statement of the debtor.

NAME

ADDRESS

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

None c. List all firms or individuals who at the time of the commencement of this case were in possession of the books of account and records of the debtor. If any of the books of account and records are not available, explain.

NAME

ADDRESS

None d. List all financial institutions, creditors and other parties, including mercantile and trade agencies, to whom a financial statement was issued by the debtor within **two years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS

DATE ISSUED

2/07

EFTS

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Best Case Bankruptcy

20. Inventories

a. List the dates of the last two inventories taken of your property, the name of the person who supervised the taking of each inventory, None

and the dollar amount and basis of each inventory.

DATE OF INVENTORY

INVENTORY SUPERVISOR

DOLLAR AMOUNT OF INVENTORY

(Specify cost, market or other basis)

· None

b. List the name and address of the person having possession of the records of each of the two inventories reported in a., above.

NAME AND ADDRESSES OF CUSTODIAN OF INVENTORY

DATE OF INVENTORY

21. Current Partners, Officers, Directors and Shareholders

a. If the debtor is a partnership, list the nature and percentage of partnership interest of each member of the partnership. None

NAME AND ADDRESS

NATURE OF INTEREST

PERCENTAGE OF INTEREST

b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers and directors of the corporation, and each stockholder who directly or indirectly owns, None controls, or holds 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of the corporation.

NAME AND ADDRESS

TITLE President NATURE AND PERCENTAGE OF STOCK OWNERSHIP

100 percent

John Locapo 14 Hovey Street Dracut, MA 01826

22. Former partners, officers, directors and shareholders

None a. If the debtor is a partnership, list each member who withdrew from the partnership within one year immediately preceding the

commencement of this case.

NAME

ADDRESS

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL

b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers, or directors whose relationship with the corporation terminated within one year None

immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS

TITLE

DATE OF TERMINATION

23. Withdrawals from a partnership or distributions by a corporation

None If the debtor is a partnership or corporation, list all withdrawals or distributions credited or given to an insider, including compensation

in any form, bonuses, loans, stock redemptions, options exercised and any other perquisite during one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME & ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT.

RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE AND PURPOSE OF WITHDRAWAL

AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

24. Tax Consolidation Group.

None If the debtor is a corporation, list the name and federal taxpayer identification number of the parent corporation of any consolidated

group for tax purposes of which the debtor has been a member at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PARENT CORPORATION

TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

25. Pension Funds.

None If the debtor is not an individual, list the name and federal taxpayer identification number of any pension fund to which the debtor, as an employer, has been responsible for contributing at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PENSION FUND

TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

8

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY ON BEHALF OF CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the answers contained in the foregoing statement of financial affairs and any attachments thereto and that they are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Date	November 28, 2007	Signature	/s/ John Locapo
			John Locapo
			President

[An individual signing on behalf of a partnership or corporation must indicate position or relationship to debtor.]

Penalty for making a false statement: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571

9

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

John Locapo

v.

Civil No. 08-cv-414-JL Opinion No. 2009 DNH 057

Brian Colsia et al.

ORDER

Plaintiff John Locapo, proceeding pro se, has sued MAK
Investments, LLC; its managing member, Brian Colsia; and Starter
Title Services, a title company that allegedly assisted in
placing a mortgage on Locapo's residence to finance his purchase
of a different property from MAK. Locapo claims that, in the
course of these transactions, the defendants made
misrepresentations, engaged in unfair or deceptive acts and
practices, and committed other wrongs. The defendants have filed
motions to dismiss Locapo's complaint, see Fed. R. Civ. P.
12(b)(6), arguing that these claims did not survive his
bankruptcy filing in September 2007.

This court has diversity jurisdiction over this matter, since Locapo is a citizen of Massachusetts and the defendants (or, in the case of MAK, its members) are citizens of New

¹While Locapo commenced this action in a pro se capacity, he retained counsel after the defendants filed their motions to dismiss--but counsel sought, and was granted, leave to withdraw three months later, returning Locapo to pro se status.

Hampshire. <u>See</u> 28 U.S.C. § 1332. After oral argument, and for the foregoing reasons, the court grants the defendants' motions.

In ruling on a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim under Rule 12(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the court proceeds "on the assumption that all the allegations in the complaint are true (even if doubtful in fact)." Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 1965 (2007) (citations and footnote omitted). Furthermore, Locapo's pro se complaint must be "liberally construed" and "held to less stringent standards than formal pleadings drafted by lawyers."

Erickson v. Pardus, 127 S. Ct. 2197, 2200 (2007) (applying Twombly standard to pro se complaint). The court has also taken judicial notice of the records of Locapo's bankruptcy proceeding. See Banco Santander de P.R. v. Lopez-Stubbe (In re Colonial Mortgage Bankers Corp.), 324 F.3d 12, 16 (1st Cir. 2003).

The complaint alleges, in relevant part, that Colsia orally agreed to sell Locapo an apartment building in Milford, New Hampshire, and to assist him in securing the financing for the purchase. With Colsia's help, Locapo obtained a mortgage on his residence, intending to use the proceeds to pay roughly half the cost of the apartment building.² Locapo claims that Starter,

²As discussed <u>infra</u> at note 5, the parties' written agreement indicates that the deal had a significantly different

which served as the title company for the transaction, nevertheless acted wrongfully in disbursing the proceeds to Colsia. The transaction closed on April 26, 2006.

Locapo alleges that, to pay the balance of the purchase price, he granted MAK a second mortgage on his residence and provided landscaping services and materials on another property owned by Colsia and MAK. Locapo also claims to have spent money making various improvements to the apartment building itself. In July 2007, however, Colsia allegedly told Locapo that Colsia would not be able to assist Locapo in getting more financing and, furthermore, that Locapo would lose both his initial investment and the value of the improvements as a result.

Locapo, represented by counsel, subsequently filed a voluntary petition for bankruptcy protection, on September 17, 2007. <u>In re Locapo</u>, No. 07-43444 (Bkrtcy. D. Mass. Sept. 17, 2007). Under Rule 1007 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy

structure, but the court has accepted Locapo's characterization of it for the purpose of ruling on the motions to dismiss.

³A mortgage secures a debt, rather than paying the debt in the manner Locapo alleges. Colsia and MAK represent (in their objection to Locapo's motion for a preliminary injunction, which has been denied) that he gave them a promissory note which was secured by the mortgage. That detail has no bearing on the motions to dismiss, however.

Procedure, Locapo was required to file, together with the petition, the schedule of assets and liabilities required by 11 U.S.C. § 521(a)(1)(B)(ii). Locapo did so, using the official bankruptcy court form. But the filing made no reference to any claim against the defendants or, indeed, any interest in the apartment building at all; the line on the form for "contingent and unliquidated claims of every nature" was checked "NONE."

Locapo alleges in his complaint that he did not realize he had any claim against Colsia until October 2007. But after that point, on November 28, 2007, Locapo successfully moved the bankruptcy court for leave to amend the schedule to add a "Possible Workmen's Compensation Settlement in an unknown amount," listing that asset in the space for "contingent and unliquidated claims." Locapo's proposed amended schedule, like his original one, made no reference to any claim against the defendants. Eventually, on April 15, 2008, the bankruptcy trustee reported that the estate had "no nonexempt property available for distribution to creditors." This resulted in the bankruptcy court's discharging Locapo and closing the case, which

⁴Locapo also represents in his objection to the motions to dismiss that he told his bankruptcy lawyer about the alleged agreement with Colsia but that "since there had been no transfer of property" the lawyer determined that the agreement was not an asset that needed to be listed on the schedule.

occurred on May 22, 2008. Some months later, on October 7, 2008, Locapo commenced this action.

Section 521 of the bankruptcy code, as previously mentioned, requires the debtor to file a schedule of assets and liabilities.

See 11 U.S.C. § 521(a)(1)(B)(ii). Because "[t]he basic principle of bankruptcy is to obtain a discharge from one's creditors in return for all one's assets, except those exempt, as a result of which creditors release their own claims and the bankrupt can start fresh," the bankruptcy system cannot function fairly and effectively unless the debtor scrupulously complies with this requirement. Payless Wholesale Distribs., Inc. v. Alberto Culver (P.R.) Inc., 989 F.2d 570, 571 (1st Cir. 1992). So a debtor cannot omit a cause of action from his schedule of assets, leaving his creditors in the dark as to a potential source of payment for their claims, then bring the cause of action on his own once those claims have been compromised or released in the bankruptcy, keeping any recovery for himself. See id.

Courts sometimes enforce this prohibition through the doctrine of judicial estoppel, which generally prevents a party from prevailing on one position in a legal proceeding, then taking an inconsistent position in a subsequent case. See id.; see also, e.g., Stallings v. Hussmann Corp., 447 F.3d 1041, 1047 (8th Cir. 2006); Browning Mfg. v. Mims (In re Coastal Plains,

Inc.), 179 F.3d 197, 208 (5th Cir. 1999); Oneida Motor Freight,

Inc. v. United Jersey Bank, 848 F.2d 414, 419 (3d Cir. 1988).

But others, including the court of appeals for this circuit, have relied on the operation of \$ 521 in conjunction with another provision of the bankruptcy code, \$ 554, which provides for abandonment of the property of the bankruptcy estate. Jeffrey v.

Desmond, 70 F.3d 183, 186 (1st Cir. 1995); see also, e.g., Cusano v. Klein, 264 F.3d 936, 945-46 (9th Cir. 2001); Hutchins v. IRS,

67 F.3d 40, 43 (3d Cir. 1995); Vreugdenhill v. Navistar Int'l

Transp. Corp., 950 F.2d 524, 525-26 (8th Cir. 1991). The defendants' motions to dismiss invoke this second theory, so the court need not consider judicial estoppel here.

Section 554 provides, in relevant part, that "any property scheduled under [§ 521(1)] and not otherwise administered is abandoned to the debtor," 11 U.S.C. § 554(c), but "property of the estate that is not abandoned under this section and that is not administered in the case remains property of the estate," id. § 554(d). Because property cannot be abandoned to the debtor unless it has been scheduled, per subsection (c), property that is not scheduled is not abandoned, but remains in the estate, per subsection (d). See, e.g., Cusano, 264 F.3d at 945-46. The

⁵The defendants' motions do, however, expressly reserve their right to assert a judicial estoppel defense.

upshot is that, once a bankruptcy case closes through administration of the estate, the debtor loses his rights in a cause of action he had at the time he sought bankruptcy protection but nevertheless failed to list on his schedule. See, e.g., Jeffrey, 70 F.3d at 186.

That is the fate of Locapo's claims against the defendants here. While "generally, a debtor has no duty to schedule a cause of action that did not accrue prior to bankruptcy," <u>Cusano</u>, 264 F.3d at 947, the causes of action here accrued before Locapo filed his bankruptcy petition.

Indeed, Locapo states that Colsia announced, in July 2007, that he would not help Locapo in getting further financing for his purchase of the apartment building; Colsia's alleged failure to provide this assistance provides part of the basis for Locapo's claims against him here. At the same time, according to Locapo, Colsia also allegedly said that Locapo would lose his initial investment in the property, i.e., the money he obtained by mortgaging his residence; Colsia's alleged misappropriation of those funds serves as the basis for a number of Locapo's other claims against him. Locapo's claims against Starter Title,

Some of Locapo's claims against Colsia arise out of his alleged misrepresentations that he or MAK was the owner of the apartment building, when in fact it was owned by another entity, 40 Nashua Street, LLC. The written agreement between Locapo and

which charge that it wrongfully directed those funds to Colsia, likewise arose at that point, if not sooner (Locapo's complaint suggests that he knew, when that mortgage closed in April 2006, that its proceeds were destined for Colsia, and Locapo did not dispute this point when Starter Title made it at oral argument).

Locapo's objection to the motions to dismiss does not question that the claims he asserts here arose prior to his bankruptcy filing. While his complaint states that he did not "realize" that Colsia had breached his claimed agreement to help procure financing for the purchase until October 2007 (the month after the bankruptcy filing), that conclusory statement is contradicted by his factual allegations—which state, again, that Colsia announced in July 2007 that he would not honor that aspect

MAK, however, explicitly states that MAK was assigning "its right and interest in a certain lease" for the building--which included an option to purchase--rather than the building itself, and acknowledges Locapo's obligation, as assignee, to continue paying rent. The court may take judicial notice of that document, see Perry v. New Eng. Bus. Serv., Inc., 347 F.3d 343, 345 n.2 (1st Cir. 2003), which leaves no doubt that Locapo knew, by the time he signed it at the latest, that neither Colsia nor MAK in fact owned the building, regardless of what they may have allegedly said beforehand. Locapo makes no allegation or argument to the contrary. Incidentally, the agreement also indicates that what Locapo calls his "initial investment" (including the proceeds from the first mortgage, the note secured by the second mortgage, and the landscaping work) was the consideration for acquiring the option to purchase from the defendants; the additional financing was needed to pay the owner of the building when the option was exercised.

of the agreement—and is therefore disregarded in ruling on the motions to dismiss. See Bell Atl., 127 S. Ct. at 1965.

Locapo does argue in his objection that he told his bankruptcy attorney about the claimed agreement with Colsia, <u>see</u> note 4, <u>supra</u>, but simply telling someone about a claim--which is not even in fact what Locapo says he did--is not equivalent to listing it on the debtor's schedule of assets. In <u>Jeffrey</u>, in fact, the court of appeals ruled that the debtors had lost their claim by failing to list it on their asset schedule, despite their allegation that they had discussed it with the trustee at the creditors' meeting before the case closed, reasoning that the debtors' failure to list the claim on their schedule was what mattered. 70 F.3d at 186; <u>see also Vreuqdenhill</u>, 950 F.2d at 526 ("It is not enough that the trustee learns of the property through other means; the property must be scheduled pursuant to section 521(1).").

As the court of appeals held in <u>Jeffrey</u>, "[t]he law is abundantly clear that the burden is on the debtors to list the asset and/or amend their schedules, and that in order for property to be abandoned by operation of law pursuant to 11

⁷The same is true of the complaint's assertion that Locapo did not learn about Colsia's alleged misappropriation of the initial investment in the property until May 2008.

U.S.C. § 554(c), the debtor must formally schedule the property pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 521(1) before the close of the case." 70 F.3d at 186. Because Locapo did not discharge that burden in his bankruptcy proceeding, his claims against the defendants remained in the estate under § 554(d), rather than being returned to him under § 554(c). He therefore can no longer maintain these claims against the defendants. See id. To allow him to do would be tantamount to letting him hide the claim (and any potential recovery) from his creditors, who were never informed of its existence during the bankruptcy proceeding—and walked away empty—handed. See Payless Wholesale Distribs., 989 F.2d at 571.

There is a potential solution to this problem, however.

Locapo may file a motion in the bankruptcy court, under Rule 5010 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, to reopen his bankruptcy case to schedule his claims against the defendants under 11 U.S.C. § 350(b). See Brooks v. Beatty, 25 F.3d 1037 (table), 1994 WL 224160, at *3 (1st Cir. May 27, 1994) (unpublished disposition). If he is allowed to do so, the trustee will decide whether to press the claims or otherwise dispose of them for the benefit of Locapo's creditors, or to abandon the claims to him to pursue on his own. See id. Whether to reopen the case, and what to do about the claims should the case be reopened, are decisions left to the discretion of the

bankruptcy court and the trustee, respectively. This court expresses no opinion on those issues or the merits of the claims.

For the foregoing reasons, the defendants' motions to dismiss are GRANTED. Locapo's claims are dismissed without prejudice to his attempting to reopen his bankruptcy proceedings. The clerk of this court shall enter judgment accordingly and close the case.

SO ORDERED.

Joseph N. Laplante

Undited States District Judge

Dated: April 22, 2009

cc: John Locapo, pro se
 Joseph A. Foster, Esq.
Kenneth D. Murphy, Esq.

^{*}Documents no. 8 and 10.

John Locapo v. Colsia Chapter 7 – 341 Meeting

Date: 10/22/07

Speaker	Testimony
Trustee	Mr. Locapo, would you raise your right hand? Do you solemnly swear to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, so help me God.
Mr. Locapo	I do.
Trustee	Thank you. I've got a Mass drivers license, it does appear to be the gentleman in front of me. Also I have a copy of a W-2. The numbers match. Mr. Locapo did you review the bankruptcy petition before authorizing counsel to file it?
Mr. Locapo	Yes, I did.
Trustee	Is the information on the bankruptcy true, accurate and complete to the best of your knowledge and belief?
Mr. Locapo	Yes sir.
Trustee	Finally, the signatures that are on the petition are they your signatures?
Mr. Locapo	Yes.
Trustee	Counsel do you know why I don't have tax returns and pay stubs?
Counsel	I apologize Mr. Trustee. My name is Ron My attorney Mr. Harris, Attorney Harris on a personal matter.
Trustee	Uh-hum.
Counsel	Anything that might be left out I do happen to have this as well. Just one of the tax returns.
Trustee	I only need one. I need the most recent one filed. Is the '05 tax return the last one you filed sir?
Mr. Locapo	No, I filed last years.
Trustee	Have you provided that to your attorney?
Mr. Locapo	Um, I'm sure I have.
Trustee	Well, you're going to have to get it to me. And ah, where are your pay stubs? Have you supplied your counsel with pay stubs as well?
Mr. Locapo	Yeah.
Trustee	I need those as well because I do not have pay stubs. I do not have tax returns. I'm gonna conduct this meeting but I'm also gonna continue to my next rotation so that I have an opportunity to review those tax returns and pay stubs.
Mr. Lopapo	Okay.
Trustee	And the next time is December 2. Same time is was scheduled for this

Speaker Testimony

morning. And ah, assuming the information on that's consistent with what's on

the petition, it will be a short meeting. Alright?

Mr. Locapo Okay.

Trustee But you will have to come back.

Mr. Locapo Okay.

Trustee And make sure you get those tax returns to me within a week, because if you

don't, Mr. Harris will find a Motion to Dismiss on his desk. Thank you. Do

you still live at 14 Hovey Street in Dracut?

Mr. Locapo Yes sir.

Trustee How long have you lived there?

Mr. Locapo About 10 years.

Trustee And you own that property?

Mr. Locapo Yes sir.

Trustee It's worth \$328,000 but you have \$400 and some odd thousand in loans against

it?

Mr. Locapo Yes.

Trustee Are you letting that property go?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee Are you gonna pay ah, why are you gonna pay \$400 and some odd thousand

for property that's worth a little over three?

Mr. Locapo I'm just trying to hold on to it, it's the only residence I have.

Trustee You've got a first mortgage of \$308,000 and a second of \$139,000. When did

you get the second, last year?

Mr. Locapo Yes.

Trustee Did you get them both at the same time?

Mr. Locapo Yes.

Trustee And did you receive any cash in May of last year when you took out the

second mortgage?

Mr. Locapo No.

Trustee It all went to pay existing debt.

Mr. Locapo Yup.

Trustee Was any of that debt money that's owed to family members?

Mr. Locapo No.

Trustee The property on Hovey Street is the only real estate that you've owned in the

Speaker Testimony last six years?

Mr. Locapo Yes sir.

Trustee Do you own any collections, stamp, coin, art, baseball cards anything?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee Do you own any stocks, bonds or interest in any kind of business?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee Anybody owe you money?

Mr. Locapo No.

Trustee Do you believe you may have a claim against any one for any reason, whether

you've actually filed a lawsuit or not?

Mr. Locapo No.

Trustee Do you own a 2005 Chevy Silverado?

Mr. Locapo Yes sir.

Trustee Is that the only vehicle you own?

Mr. Locapo Yes sir.

Trustee Other than the Silverado and your residence, do you own any single asset that

might be worth more than \$1,000?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee Have you transferred either cash or property to a family member in the last

year as a small holiday or birthday gifts?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee Made one or more payments to a single creditor in the three months before you

filed your bankruptcy that totaled over \$600 other than your regular monthly

mortgage payments?

Mr. Locapo No sir.

Trustee And your on Workers' Comp still?

Mr. Locapo Yes.

Trustee Okay. That may be why I don't have pay stubs. I need the tax returns of

course. Um, your income of \$2,700 right now is all of \$500 over and above your mortgage payment or payments plural. How are you um, and its less than

your mortgage plus your car payments, how are you making ends meet?

Mr. Locapo I have a live-in financee, she helps me pay the bills.

Trustee Folks if you need to talk would you go outside please. Counsel I need the um,

statement the means test calculation done that requires that all income from any source that is received on a regular basis be included in question No. 8,

Speaker Testimony

and I'll quote what is says here: "Any amounts paid by another person or entity on a regular basis, the household expenses of the debtor are the debtors dependants. Alright, I need to have that information. How much does your

financee contribute or your girlfriend?

Mr. Locapo About \$600 a month.

Trustee And do you know what she earns on a monthly basis, take home?

Mr. Locapo No, no.

Trustee She doesn't share that with you?

Mr. Locapo She's a hair dresser so its up and down.

Trustee Okay. Any creditors wish to question Mr. Locapo? Meanwhile the Trustee

will continue. Keep in mind you are under oath. Counsel is going to show you Schedules A&B. Schedule A requires you list all interest and real estate. Schedule B requires you to list all other assets of any kind. I want you to

review both schedules and tell me if this is a complete list of everything you own when you filed your bankruptcy. If its not, you are required to tell me

now.

Mr. Locapo Yes sir, it's fine.

Trustee Okay. This matter is continued to December 2, same time as it was schedule

for today which was 10:30. If you do not get me the tax return within the week, I will be filing a Motion to Dismiss under whatever the section is a mandatory dismissal for failure to provide tax returns within a certain period of

time after the filing of bankruptcy. You got that?

Mr. Locapo Absolutely.

Trustee Thank you – you're excused.

Mr. Locapo Thank you sir.

Trustee We'll see you on the 2nd.

Mr. Locapo Okay.

Date: Continued (04/14/08)

Speaker Testimony

Trustee This is a 341 meeting of John Locapo. Mr. Locapo is present and has provided

a Mass driver's license and does appear to be the gentleman in front of me. This is a continued 341 meeting. Mr. Locapo had not supplied tax returns and pay stubs in a timely fashion. We did ultimately receive them and after Motion to Dismiss which Mr. Locapo did appear. He indicated he would appear here and I did receive the tax returns, and I reviewed them and the information on those tax returns appears to be consistent with what was on the bankruptcy petition. Mr. Locapo if you had come here the first time when it was

continued, you would have been out of bankruptcy a long time ago. I'm gonna hand those back to counsel and I'm also gonna give you a No Distribution

Report. I have no further questions.

Man 2 Thank you very much Dave.

Mr. Locapo Thank you.

Man 2 Sorry for all the delays.

Trustee Thank you.

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS (WESTERN DIVISION)

In re)				
JOHN LOCAPO,)))		BISTI	2009 H	• • •
Debtor		nse NO.: <u>07-43444</u> napter <u>7</u>	NKRUPTO RICT OF	HAY I LI	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
		mo broden bankbiid	MASS.	P 2: 40	OFFICE

DEBTOR'S PETITION TO REOPEN BANKRUPTCY

John Locapo hereby moves this court for an order reopening the above referenced bankruptcy case pursuant to 11 U.S.C. \$350(b) and Bankruptcy Rule 5010 in order to rectify facts not disclosed in debtor's original Voluntary Bankruptcy Petition.

- The Debtor filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 7 on September 17, 2007.
- 2. The Debtor received a discharge on May 8, 2008.
- The bankruptcy case was closed on May 25, 2008.
- 4. The movant seeks to request the Bankruptcy trustee to become a third party intervener and join debtor, John Locapo's civil suit against Brian Colsia and MAK Investments, LLC filed in the United States District Court, For the District of New Hampshire, Civil Action No. 08-cv-414-JL.

STATEMENT OF GROUNDS FOR REOPENING THE CASE

- Debtor's Original Schedule F, lists MAK Investments, LLC, as a Creditor Holding an Unsecured Nonpriority Claim for an unknown amount on foreclosed property;
- 2. Debtor, in good faith sat down, at a meeting with his attorney, William Harris and Brian Colsia and explained the status, as he believed it to be, of his interest in the property located at 40 Nashua Street, Milford, NH. See Debtor's Exhibit "A", Affidavit of William H Harris;
- 3. Brian Colsia had sent Debtor a fraudulent letter of foreclosure stating that MAK Investments, LLC had foreclosed on the Nashua Street Property;
- 4. Unbeknownst to debtor at that time neither MAK Investments,

 LLC nor Brian Colsia ever held a mortgage against 40 Nashua

 Street in Milford, NH naming Debtor, John Locapo as the

 mortgagee.
- 5. In fact, debtor had a verbal agreement with MAK Investments, LLC and Brian Colsia to purchase the unit at 40 Nashua Street and that agreement should have been listed as an asset in Debtor's Voluntary Bankruptcy Petition;
- 6. The only mortgage held by MAK Investments, LLC naming John Locapo as the mortgagee was a second mortgage held against John Locapo's home and residence that was disclosed in his Bankruptcy Petition;

Case 1:09-cv-00372-JL Document 3-1 Filed 11/11/09 Page 32 of 64

Dase 1:08-cv-00414-Ji. Liggument 13 Filed 10 90 700 Page 13 of 21

AFFIDAVIT of TRUTH

In the State of Massachusetts

ZX LX 30 A 9 23.

County of Essex

Re: Locapo v. Colsia et al case number: 1:08 - cv - 414

The Undersigned Affiant, William H. Harris, Esq. (BBO 560813), formerly practicing law at Harris & Dial, P.C., 65 Flagship Drive, North Andover, MA 01845 hereinafter "Affiant" does solemnly swear, declares and state as follows:

1. Affiant is competent to state to the matters set forth herein.

2. Affiant has personal knowledge of the facts stated herein.

All the facts stated herein are true, correct, and complete, admissible as evidence, and if called upon as a witness, Affiant will testify to their veracity.

Comes now, the Affiant under oath and penalty of perjury, who does solemnly affirm that the statements herein are true and correct in substance and in fact, and if called upon to testify would testify to their truth and veracity, to wit:

That I have known John Locapo since on or about July 7th, 2007.

That I am the bankruptcy attorney that filed a chapter 7 bankruptcy on behalf of Mr. John Locapo the case was filed on September 17, 2007, Case #0743444JBR.

That the bankruptcy case was closed on May 22, 2008.

I first met John Locapo on or about July 7th 2007 when he came to my office to file for Chapter 7 Bankruptcy. Mr. Locapo was given a questionnaire form to complete and scheduled a subsequent meeting to review the answers to the questionnaire to prepare his bankruptcy filing. In a subsequent meeting during the preparation of his bankruptcy schedules, John Locapo came into my office accompanied by Mr. Brian Colsia. During this meeting, John Locapo told me he had previously purchased a ten unit apartment building located at 40 Nashua Street Milford NH. Mr. Locapo went on to tell me that Mr. Colsia's company MAK Investments, LLC held a mortgage on this property and had foreclosed that mortgage. Accordingly, MAK Investments, LLC has scheduled as an unsecured creditor for any possible deficiency claim following this foreclosure sale. Mr. Colsia confirmed Mr. Locapo's understanding that he had in fact foreclosed the mortgage on this property. Mr. Colsia went on to say that he was still working with Mr. Locapo to allow him to reacquire title to the property in the future. It appeared to me that Mr. Locapo and Mr. Colsia had a close working relationship at the time. In fact Mr. Locapo was of the belief that the foreclosure sale of the Milford, NH property had been done to "protect" him.

The property at 40 Nashua Street, Milford NH was not scheduled as an asset in Mr. Locapo's bankruptcy case due to the above representations of Mr. Locapo and Mr. Colsia that the title was not in Mr. Locapo's name as of the bankruptcy filing.

Page 1 of 2

EXHIBIT "A" PAGE 1 OF 2 Case 1:09-cv-00372-JL Document 3-1 Filed 11/11/09 Page 33 of 64

Case 07-43444 D 52 Filed 05/14/09 Entered 05/14. 15:23:43 Desc Main Document Page 4 of 66

Willam H Harris

Dated: on the 25 day of Dicumin, Two Thousand Eight

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF NOTARY

State of Massachusetts County of Essex

For verification purposes only

On the 20th day of Dicario, Two Thousand Eight, before me,

Beverly H. Nugent, a Notary

Name, Title of Officer of Notary Public

Personally appeared. William H Harris personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence of identification) to be a person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument(s) and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity, and that by his/her/their signature on the instrument the person or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed that instrument.

Witnessed, my hand and official peal.

Scere HO Mign

seal

My Commission Expires:

EXHIBIT "A" PAGE 2 OF 2

Case 07-43444 D 52 Filed 05/14/09 Entered 05/14/09 15:23:43 Desc Main Document Page 5 of 66

- 7. After John Locapo's Bankruptcy Estate was closed he filed a civil suit against Brian Colsia and MAK Investments, LLC in the United States District Court, For the District of New Hampshire, Civil Action No. 08-cv-414-JL. See Debtor's Exhibit "B", Complaint,
- 8. John Locapo's Complaint makes multiple allegations against the Defendant's including but not limited to Fraud, Breach of Fiduciary Duty and Breach of Contract;
- 9. After filing the Complaint and upon further review John Locapo realized there was a discrepancy in the amount of damages requested as relief and has submitted an Amended Complaint correcting this discrepancy. See Debtor's Exhibit "C", Amended Complaint;
- 10. During the course of the litigation, Defendant's Brian Colsia and MAK Investments, LLC claimed that John Locapo is not the real party in interest to any claim made on behalf of debtor's estate;
- 11. John Locapo now realizes that the trustee of the Bankruptcy
 Estate is the real party in interest to this Complaint;
- 12. Brian Colsia breached his fiduciary duty to John Locapo when he failed to behave in a selfless fashion after putting himself in a position of influence and trust over John Locapo;

- John Locapo being the least sophisticated consumer, trusted Brian Colsia to act in Plaintiff's best interests throughout this process;
- 14. Brian Colsia's actions created a fiduciary relationship between himself and John Locapo;
- 15. John Locapo would ask that this court to become a third party intervener as the real party in interest and join him in the Civil Suit he has filed against Brian Colsia and MAK Investments, LLC.

John Locapo

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS (WESTERN DIVISION)

JOHN LOCAPO,

Debtor

Case NO.:07-43444

Chapter 7

Chapter 7

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Joel B. Countral

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS 22 A 1: 34 (WESTERN DIVISION)

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In re)		
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)		
JOHN LOCAPO,)		
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Debtor)	Case NO.: 07-43444	
)	Chapter 7	

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John Locapo

Jol B. Countral

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS 22 A 11:34 (WESTERN DIVISION)

in Sail

Debtor)	Case NO.: 07-43444
JOHN LOCAPO,	ý	i.
)	•
In re)	•

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STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

HILLSBOROUGH, SS NORTHERN DISTRICT Superior Court No. 09-C-587

SPECIAL APPEARANCE

John Locapo

v.

Brian W. Colsia, MAK Investments, LLC, Starter Title Services,
Diane Clavelous and
TD Bank, Trustee Defendant

COURT Returnable on the first Tuesday of DATE JURY WITHDRAWAL **APPEARANCE** Please withdraw my appearance as: Please enter my appearance as: Counsel for: Brian Colsia and counsel for: MAK Investments Notice of Withdrawal sent to my clients on: 270 South Main Street Manchester, NH 03102 at the following address: Pro se delivered William E. Aivalikles, Esquire I hereby certify that duplicates of this to: 60 Main St., Nashua, NH 03060 mailed notice were: Kenneth D. Murphy, Esquire 439 Middle St., Portsmouth, NH 03801 293 S. Main St., Manchester, NH 03102 TD Bank, And 1 Portland Sq., Portland, ME 04101 November 3, 2009 on elon III Signed Joseph A. Foster Coleen M. Penacho NH Bar #17738 McLane, Graf, Raulerson & Middleton Professional Association SPECIAL APPEARANCE 900 Elm St., P.O. Box 326 Manchester, NH 03105-0326 (603) 625-6464

AOC-600-245

The State of New Hampshire

SUPERIOR COURT

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY NORTHERN DISTRICT

() COURT (XX) JURY

WRIT OF SUMMONS

Brian Colsia and MAK Investments, LLC 270 S. Main St., Manchester, NH 03101

John Locapo 12-16 Hovey Street Dracut, MA 01826 Starter Title Services v. 225 Derry Rd., Hudson, NH 03051

Diane Claveloux 79 Brookline Rd., Mason, NH 03048

TD Bank, Trustee Defendant 293 S. Main St., Manchester, NH 03102

The Sheriff or Deputy of any County is ordered to summon each defendant to file a written appearance with the Superior Court at the address listed below by the return day of this writ which is the first Tuesday of November ADDITE

The PLAINTIFF(S) state(s):

See attached.

and the Plaintiff(s) claim(s) damages within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

INDORSER (sign and print name)

10/7/09

DATE OF WRIT

NOTICE TO THE DEFENDANT

The Plaintiff listed above has begun legal action against you. You do not have to physically appear in Court on the return day listed above since there will be no hearing on that day. However, if you intend to contest this matter, you or your attorney must file a written appearance form with the Clerk's Office by that date. (Appearance forms may be obtained from the Clerk's Office.) You will then receive notice from the Court of all proceedings concerning this case. If you fail to file an appearance by the return day, judgment will be entered against you for a sum of money which you will then be obligated to pay.

Witness, Robert J. Lynn, Chief Justice, Superior Court.

John M. Safford, Clerk

NH Superior Court Hillsborough County

Northern District

300 Chestnut St.

Manchester NH 03101-2490

(603) 669-7410

213-003-3

SIGNATURE OF PLAINTIFF/ATTORNEY

William Aivalikles

PRINTED/TYPED NAME

60 Main Street, Suite 230

ADDRESS

Nashua, NH 03060

/603-880-0303

PHONE

PARTIES

- 1. The Plaintiff, John Locapo, (hereinafter referred to as "Locapo"), resides at 12-16 Hovey Street, Dracut, Massachusetts, 01826.
- 2. The Defendant, Brian Colsia, (hereinafter referred to as "Colsia"), has a principal place of business at 270 South Main Street, Manchester, New Hampshire, 03101.
- 3. The Defendant, MAK Investments, LLC, (hereinafter referred to as "MAK"), is a Limited Liability Corporation with a principal place of business at 270 South Main Street, Manchester, New Hampshire, 03101.
- 4. The Defendant, Starter Title Services, (hereinafter referred to as "Starter"), is a company with a principal place of business at 225 Derry Road (Rte. 102), Hudson, New Hampshire, 03051.
- 5. The Defendant, Diane Claveloux, (hereinafter "Claveloux"), resides at 79 Brookline Road, Mason, New Hampshire, 03048.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 6. Plaintiff Locapo was introduced to Defendant Colsia through a mutual friend, Michelle Paladino, (hereinafter referred to as "Paladino"), in May 2005.
- 7. Locapo understood that Colsia was the owner of MAK, a real estate and hard money lending corporation.
- 8. Defendant Colsia buys and sells real estate and investment properties through MAK.

- 9. On or about November 5, 2005, Defendant Colsia offered to sell and transfer to Locapo, a certain ten unit apartment building located at 40 Nashua Street, Milford, New Hampshire, (hereinafter referred to as "property").
- 10. At that time, Colsia offered to sell and transfer the building to Sawyer as "the deal of a lifetime".
- 11. Colsia offered to sell the property for \$1,150,000.00 (One Million One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and no cents).
- 12. On or about March 1, 200, Colsia entered into an oral contract with Locapo for the sale and purchase of the property.
- 13. Locapo and Colsia were at the home of Paladino at the time the oral contract was entered into.
 - 14. The formation and acceptance of the oral contract was witnessed by Paladino.
- 15. As part of the terms of the oral contract, Locapo and Colsia agreed that the first payment was to be \$550,000.00 (Five Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and no cents) with the remaining \$600,000.00 (Six Hundred Thousand Dollars and no cents) due in two (2) years. As part of the terms of the oral contract, Colsia was to assist Plaintiff in securing the funds for the remaining \$600,000.00 and assured Locapo that he could arrange the financing. Locapo accepted this offer.
- 16. As part of the terms of the oral contract, Colsia verbally agreed to "help" Locapo in obtaining the first payment and its securance.
- 17. It was Colsia who chose Hampton Bay Mortgage Company, the appraisal company, and Starter and walked Locapo through the mortgage processes acting as an agent for Locapo thereby creating a fiduciary duty he owed to Plaintiff.

- 18. Locapo, on the advice of Colsia, requested a mortgage from Hampton Bay

 Mortgage Company and pledge his unencumbered family home located at 12-16 Hovey Street,

 Dracut, Massachusetts, (hereinafter referred to as "Hovey Street"), for the purpose of securing a

 down payment for the purchase of the property.
- 19. Elisha Talasazan, of Hampton Bay Mortgage Company, contracted an appraisal of the Hovey Street property and Michelle Paladino appraised Locapo's two family home.
- 20. On April 28, 2006, a check was issued to Colsia in the amount of \$299,844.97 by Hampton Bay Mortgage as payment toward the \$550,000.00 first payment for the purchase of the property.
- 21. The mortgage was obtained through Option One Bank with Starter Title Services as the title company.
- 22. Hampton Bay Mortgage and Starter were aware that the money borrowed would be applied to the first payment of the property.
- 23. Locapo allegedly signed a hand-written note directing Starter to make all checks for proceeds from the mortgage of his family's Hovey Street property be made payable directly to Colsia or MAK.
- 24. The hand-written note was not notarized, has no formal letterhead, and Plaintiff's alleged signature appeared on a piece of paper. The note is predated.
 - 25. Locapo does not have any recollection of signing this alleged note.
- 26. Starter did not explain to Locapo that having the check written to Colsia rather than himself was unusual and not in the ordinary course of business.
 - 27. Starter did violate their fiduciary duty to Locapo as a result of their conduct.

- 28. Starter was not promoting the best interest of their client, Locapo, by the direct disbursement of the proceeds to Colsia rather than other methods that would have prevented the completion of the fraud.
- 29. Starter did not fully disclose the ramifications of having the funds disbursed directly to Colsia.
- 30. Starter did not advise Locapo of his right to rescind and allowed the check to be negotiated on the day of the closing.
- 31. On April 24, 2006, four (4) days prior to the closing of the first mortgage, Colsia, acting by and through his company MAK Investments, placed a second mortgage on Locapo's Hovey Street family home in the amount of \$150,000.00 as the second and final monetary installment of the first payment toward the property.
- 32. The remaining \$100,000.00 was paid to Colsia and MAK in exchange for services rendered through Locapo's three (3) landscaping contracts completed by Locapo at another rental property allegedly owned by Colsia and/or MAK located at 199 Hilcroft Road:
 - A. On May 31, 2006, labor and landscaping materials at a cost of \$25,000.00;
 - B. On June 30, 2006, labor and landscaping materials at a cost of \$45,000.00;
 - C. On July 31, 2006, labor and landscaping materials at a cost of \$30,000.00.
- 33. Promptly after Colsia and MAK were paid the initial \$550,000.00, Locapo began working and investing money into the remodeling of the property units including, but not limited to:
 - A. May 1st-3rd 2006 mixed construction material at a cost of \$5,300.50;
 - B. May 4, 2006 mixed construction material at a cost of \$3,861.10;
 - C. May 15, 2006 mixed construction material at a cost of \$2,351.40;

- D. May 22, 2006 mixed construction material at a cost of \$2,393.30;
- E. May 31, 2006 the cost of construction material for floor joists, plywood, nails and sheet rock at a cost of \$6,500.00;
- F. May 31, 2006 labor costs for removal of construction materials from basement and commercial units, refinishing hardwood floors, 275 total man hours at a rate of \$35.00 per hour totaling \$9,625.00;
- G. July 10, 2006 labor costs for construction of laundry facilities, replacing floors, windows and sheet rock and the addition of a time lock door at a cost of \$25,735.00;
- H. October 29, 2006 electrical construction in bathrooms, existing lights, emergency lighting, bath fan and outlet and cleaning up old wiring at a cost of \$7,739.00;
- I. December 8, 2006 the installation of a wall heater in the commercial salon at a cost of \$858.68;
- J. December 9, 2006 installation of extras for bathroom at a cost of \$1,800.00;
- K. March 27, 2007 installation of a new refrigerator in Unit #7 at a cost of \$875.00; and
- L. May 31, 2007 installation of a new refrigerator in Unit #1 at a cost of \$875.00.
- 34. The Plaintiff never obtained a deed to the property, however, believed he was the rightful owner.
- 35. In October 2007, Mark Langenfield, (hereinafter referred to as "Langenfield"), was working with Locapo at the property when Colsia approached and informed he would not be able to assist him in obtaining financing for the property. Locapo was also informed by Colsia that he would not be able to refund his initial investment or any monies he used to upgrade the property.
- 36. Colsia breached the oral contract when he admitted he could not assist Locapo in obtaining the financing that was needed to pay the balance due on the property.

- 37. Unbeknownst to the Plaintiff, Colsia did not hold the title to the property.
- 38. Defendant MAK still holds a lien of the Hovey Street property and is currently attempting to foreclose on Locapo's family home.
- 39. Colsia has had the benefit of the \$550,000.00 despite the fact that he breached his agreement nor could he transfer title.

COUNT I FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATION

- 40. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-39 not inconsistent herein.
- 41. Colsia represented that he owned the property and that he assured Locapo that he would assist and get him a mortgage to pay the second payment of \$600,000.00.
- 42. Colsia falsely misrepresented himself as the owner of the property that he offered for sale to Locapo which Locapo reasonably relied upon to his detriment. Colsia never had the ability to secure a mortgage for Locapo's benefit.
- 43. Colsia was never the owner of the property which is the subject matter of this litigation.
- 44. Locapo later found out that Dorothy Chapman was the manager of the property had offered Colsia the option to purchase the building on behalf of the owner of the building.
 - 45. Colsia intentionally and knowingly misrepresented material facts to Locapo.
- 46. Locapo relied and acted upon the misrepresentations at the time he entered into a contract with Colsia to purchase the property.
- 47. Colsia deliberately misled Locapo into believing he was the owner of the property and that Locapo would be purchasing the property from Colsia and that he could obtain financing.

- 48. A limited liability corporation named, 40 Nashua Street, LLC, was, and still is, the real owner of the property which is the subject matter of this litigation.
- 49. The deed to the property which is the subject matter of this litigation was last recorded on September 1, 2000, at Book 6285, Page 395, and titled to 40 Nashua Street, LLC, with an address of 1592 Coral Street, Merritt Island, Florida 32952.
- 50. A corporation search in New Hampshire lists 40 Nashua Street, LLC, as an administratively dissolved corporation with a registered agent named Sheila M. Barnett.
- 51. Colsia willfully, wantonly and deliberately presented the false facts as set forth herein with the intention of causing Locapo to act upon those false statements and cause Locapo harm.
- 52. Colsia took Locapo's payment of \$550,000.00 toward the purchase of the property knowing he did not hold title to the property.
- 53. MAK Investments, acting under the direction of the owner, Colsia, took a second mortgage against Locapo's property in furtherance of this fraud since there was no consideration.

COUNT II COMMON LAW FRAUD

- 54. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-53 not inconsistent herein.
- 55. Colsia committed common law fraud against Locapo when he knowingly and with conscious disregard of the truth, falsely represented himself as the owner of the property which is the subject matter of this litigation, had the ability to obtain financing, and with the intent of causing Locapo to rely on his false statements of fact and caused Locapo to pay \$550,000.00 toward the purchase price.

- 56. Locapo justifiably relied upon Colsia's false statements when making the decision to enter into an oral contract for the purchase of the property.
- 57. Colsia made representations with a conscious disregard of the truth when he offered to sell real estate to Locapo which he did not own nor could he obtain the necessary financing.
- 58. Colsia's intention was to induce Locapo to pay \$550,000.00 to him and his company and to obtain a second mortgage on the Hovey Street property by these false representations.

COUNT III UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS

- 59. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-58 not inconsistent herein.
- 60. Starter engaged in unfair or deceptive acts when it facilitated and allowed the payment of the mortgage proceeds to be paid directly to Colsia and his company and failed to inform the Plaintiff of his right of rescission.
- 61. By letter dated August 19, 2008, addressed to Locapo and signed by Diane Baia Claveloux of Starter, stated, "At the end of the closing we created a quick letter for you to sign authorizing us to issue your proceeds as requested".
- 62. Proper business practices for this mortgage would require the placement of the funds into an escrow account until such time as the title of the property was undated and conveyed to Locapo. Instead, the mortgage funds were paid directly to Colsia and MAK.
- 63. Colsia, acting as an agent for Locapo, secured Hampton Bay Mortgage Company to provide the financing for the first mortgage on Locapo's home that was not encumbered prior to the financing provided by Hampton Bay Mortgage.

- 64. New Hampshire RSA 358-A:2 provides that, "It shall be unlawful for any person to use any unfair method of competition or any unfair or deceptive act or practice in the conduct of any trade or commerce within this state."
 - 65. During the closing of the first mortgage, Colsia was present at the closing.
- 66. Colsia insisted that the check should be made payable to him or to MAK rather than the normal procedure of making the monies payable to the owner of the home or held in escrow and failed to inform him of his right of rescission.
- 67. Locapo, an unsophisticated consumer, relied upon Colsia, Starter and Hampton Bay Mortgage's expertise and to properly promote his best interest.
- 68. Locapo trusted that Colsia, Starter and Hampton Bay Mortgage were acting in Locapo's best interest throughout the mortgage process and would use their expertise in assisting him.
- 69. Starter and Hampton Bay Mortgage did not disclose to Locapo of his right to rescind and did not provide Locapo with the closing documents for his review three (3) days prior to the actual date of the closing contrary to Title 15 USC 1635(a).

COUNT IV CIVIL CONSPIRACY

- 70. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-69 not inconsistent herein.
- 71. The Defendants, in concert, agreed to engage in conduct that was designed to obtain \$550,000.00 from the Plaintiff by using fraudulent methods and to obtain a second mortgage on the Hovey Street property.
- 72. The Defendants knew that Colsia did not own the property, that Colsia was utilizing the services of the remaining Defendants to facilitate the fraud.

- 73. The Defendants failed to comply with Federal Law concerning the issuance of a mortgage, disbursement of funds and failed to properly advise Locapo concerning the distribution of the proceeds.
- 74. That, but for the conduct of all of the Defendants in concert with one another, this fraud would not have occurred.

COUNT V BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

- 75. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-74 not inconsistent herein.
- 76. Colsia, as agent of the Plaintiff, Starter, and Hampton Bay Mortgage did breach their fiduciary duty to Locapo when they failed to behave in a selfless fashion while they held a position of influence and trust over Locapo.
- 77. All Defendants are well versed in the world of commerce and financing and Locapo entrusted his financial well-being to their competence and honesty. The Defendants knew or should have known that Locapo was an unsophisticated investor and was relying upon their expertise and honesty.
- 78. The Defendants failed to act in Plaintiff's best interest throughout this process despite the fiduciary relationship that existed.
- 79. The Defendants betrayed Plaintiff's confidence and trust by their conduct thereby breaching their fiduciary duty.

COUNT VI CONVERSION

80. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-79 not inconsistent herein.

- 81. Defendant Colsia committed theft by deception pursuant to N.H. Rev. Statutes 637.4 when he accepted monies from Locapo for the purchase of the property knowing that he was not the owner of the property nor did he have the ability to obtain financing for the transaction.
- 82. Defendant, MAK Investments, committed theft by deception pursuant to N.H. Rev. Statutes 637.4 when it placed a mortgage on Plaintiff's family Hovey Street property without advancing any money, thereby encumbering the property and threatening foreclosure.
- 83. Defendants, Colsia and MAK, have violated N.H. Rev. Statutes 637.4: I, which states, "A person commits theft if he obtains or exercises control over property of another by deception and with a purpose to deprive him thereof."
- 84.. Defendants, Colsia and MAK Investments, have violated N.H. Rev. Statutes 637.4; II,(d), which states, "For the purposes of this section, deception occurs when a person purposely (d) Fails to disclose a known lien, adverse claim or other legal impediment to the enjoyment of property which he transfers or encumbers in consideration for the property obtained, whether such impediment is or is not valid, or is or is not a matter of official record".
- 85. That as a result of the Defendant, Colsia and MAK's, conversion of funds, the Plaintiff has been damaged.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff respectfully prays that judgment be entered against the Defendants, jointly and severally, for the following:

- A. Actual damages in the amount of \$764,913.88;
 - B. Enhanced compensatory damages and treble damages in the amount of \$2,500,000.00;
 - C. Costs and attorney's fees;

- D. The discharge of the liens placed on the Hovey Street property; and
- E. For such other relief as may be fair and just.

Case 1:09-cy-00372-1 COUNTY SHERIFF, Siled 11/11/09 Page 59 of 64

329 MAST ROAD GOFFSTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SC, NORTH

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN COLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

10/20/2009

I SUMMONED THE WITHIN NAMED BRIAN COLSIA BY LEAVING AT THE ABODE OF THE WITHIN NAMED, BEING AT 51 BAXTER ROAD, MERRIMACK, NH, AN ATTESTED COPY OF THIS WRIT AT $03:35\,\mathrm{pm}$.

DEPUTY SHERIFF JILL CUMMINGS

SUPERIOR COURT NORTH SUPERIOR COURT NORTH TOO NOV -2 P 4: 03 Case 1:09-St-00372-JCounty unent 3-1, Filed 12/11/09 Page 60 of 64

?9 MAST ROAD GOLESTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SC, NORTH

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN COLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

10/20/2009

I SUMMONED THE WITHIN NAMED MAK INVESTMENTS BY LEAVING AT THE ABODE OF BRIAN COLSIA, REGISTERED AGENT FOR THE WITHIN NAMED, BEING AT 51 BAXTER ROAD, MERRIMACK, NH, AN ATTESTED COPY OF THIS WRIT AT 03:36pm.

DEPUTY SHERIFF JILL CUMMINGS

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT MORTH SUPERIOR COURT MORTH

Case 1:09-cv-00372-JL Document 3-1 Filed 11/11/09 Page 61 of 64 HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

329 MAST ROAD GOFFSTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN COLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

HILLSBOROUGH, SS

10/28/2009

IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT THERE WAS A NON-EST SERVICE OF THIS WRIT ON STARTER TITLE SERVICES FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON: UNABLE TO SERVE IN TIME GIVEN.

DEPUTY SHERIFF M. MERRIFIELD

JUPERIOR COURT NORTH

Case 1:09-cv-00372-JL Document 3-1 Filed 11/11/09 Page 62 of 64 HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

329 MAST ROAD GOFFSTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SC, NORTH

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN COLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

10/20/2009

I SUMMONED THE WITHIN NAMED DIANE CLAVELOUX
BY LEAVING AT THE ABODE OF THE WITHIN NAMED, BEING AT 79 BROOKLINE RD,
MASON, NH, AN ATTESTED COPY OF THIS WRIT AT 07:11pm.

DEPUTY SHERIFF JILL CUMMINGS

SUPERIOR COURT MORTH

Case 1:09-cv-00372-JL Document 3-1 Filed 11/11/09 Page 63 of 64 HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

29 MAST ROAD
GOLLSTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SC, NORTH

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN COLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

10/16/2009

I SUMMONED THE WITHIN NAMED TO BANK BY GIVING IN HAND TO NOEMI COMOLLI, PERSON IN CHARGE FOR THE WITHIN NAMED, BEING AT MAIN ST NASHUA, NH, AN ATTESTED COPY OF THIS WRIT AT 09:16am.

DEPUTY SHERIFF JOSEPH WALLENT

WERSOROUGH COUNTY

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE 329 MAST ROAD GOFFSTOWN, NH 03045

RETURN OF SERVICE

SHERIFF WRIT 09-18144-CP HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SC, NORTH DOCKET NUMBER 09C587

JOHN LOCAPO V. BRIAN SOLSIA, MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC

10/16/2009

I ATTACHED THE MONEY, GOODS, CHATTELS, RIGHTS, AND CREDITS OF THE WITHIN NAMED DEFENDANT BRIAN ${\bf C}$ OLSIA AND MAK INVESTMENTS, LLC IN THE HANDS AND POSSESSION OF TD BANK TO THE EXTENT ORDERED ON THE REVERSE SIDE OF THIS